

REPORT NUMBER:QRH01-4312

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Page: 1 of 4
Client: Lanotec Australia Pty Ltd
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Description: Chemical stability testing of lanolin based spray (Sample 1) and lanolin based grease (Sample 2).

Procedure: Testing was performed in accordance with, or as a modification of, AS 1580.460.2 'Methods of Tests for Paints and Related Materials – Resistance to Alkaline Conditions'.
Products were applied, as per the manufacturer's specification, to mild steel coupons¹ (approx. 100x20x3mm) then immersed in chemical solutions (% v/v) for a given duration as listed. Observations were recorded for the immersed area (only) of coated coupons.

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¹ Preparation involved acid/ solvent cleaning as per ASTM G1-81 'Preparing, cleaning and evaluating corrosion test specimens'.



Results:

Solution Type	Duration	Observations	
		Sample 1 – Lanolin Spray	Sample 2 – Lanolin Grease
Acidic Solutions			
1% Hydrochloric Acid (HCl)	1 hour	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
	4 days	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss - slight corrosion from edges	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
10% Hydrochloric Acid (HCl)	1 hour	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
	4 days	Minimal effect – slight whitening / loss of gloss - slight corrosion from edges	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
1% Nitric Acid (HNO ₃)	2 hours	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
	4 days	Minimal effect – slight whitening / loss of gloss - slight corrosion from edges	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
10% Nitric Acid (HNO ₃)	1 hour	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss - slight corrosion from edges	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
	4 days	Moderate effect – softening with 50% loss of material.	Moderate effect – softening with 50% loss of material.
1% Sulphuric Acid (H ₂ SO ₄)	2 hours	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
	4 days	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss - slight corrosion from edges	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
10% Sulphuric Acid (H ₂ SO ₄)	1 hour	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss. - slight corrosion from edges	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
	4 days	Moderate effect – majority loss of material and attack.	Moderate effect – softening with 50% loss of material.
1% Phosphoric Acid (H ₃ PO ₄)	2 hours	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
	4 days	Moderate effect – slight (20%) loss of material.	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
10% Phosphoric Acid (H ₃ PO ₄)	2 hours	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
	4 days	Moderate effect – softening with 50% loss of material.	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss

Solution Type		Duration	Observations
			Sample 1 – Lanolin Spray
1% Acetic Acid	1 hour	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
	4 days	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss & blackening.	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
10% Acetic Acid	1 hour	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
	4 days	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss & blackening	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
Alkaline Solutions			
1% Sodium Hydroxide	30 mins.	Moderate effect – whitening and high level softening of film	Moderate effect – whitening at surface of film (ie < 10% of film thickness) and high level softening
	4 days	High level degradation – whitening and loss of coating	High level degradation – whitening, high level softening and loss of coating (ie 10 to 50% of film thickness)
10% Sodium Hydroxide	30 mins.	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
	4 days	Moderate effect – whitening and high level softening of film	Moderate effect – whitening at surface of film (ie < 10% of film thickness)
10% Sodium Hypochlorite (eg. Bleach, pool chlorine)	1 hour	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss	Minimal effect – slight loss of gloss
	2 days	Moderate effect – whitening and softening of film	Moderate effect – whitening at surface of film (ie < 10% of film thickness)
Organic Solvents			
100% Methanol	1 hour	Minimal effect – slight softening	Minimal effect – slight softening
	2 day	Minimal effect – slight softening	Minimal effect – slight softening
100% Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	1 hour	Moderate effect – whitening, softening and loss of film	Moderate effect – whitening, softening and 20 % loss of film thickness
	2 day	Severe effect – complete loss of film	High level degradation – 80 % loss of film thickness
100% Methylene Chloride	1 hour	Severe effect – complete loss of film	High level degradation – 80 % loss of film thickness
	2 day	Severe effect – complete loss of film	Severe effect – complete loss of film
100% Kerosene	1 hour	Moderate effect – softening	Moderate effect – softening
	2 day	Severe effect – complete loss of film	High level degradation – 90% loss of film



Comments

The following comments can be made based on the above results;

- The lanolin based products (Sample 1 & Sample 2) showed very good resistance to acidic solutions with minimal evidence of degradation caused by immersion.
- Degradation due to acidic solutions was sometimes observed (eg. Acetic and Phosphoric Acid), at the liquid/air interface where oxidation (blackening) of the film would be more likely. In addition, attack of the mild steel coupons² along the edges often caused indirect loss of film due to the undercutting effect of the attack.
- The lanolin based products exhibited low to moderate resistance to alkaline solutions with whitening and softening most likely caused by the saponification of fatty acids inherent in the product.
- The products exhibited poor resistance to most organic solvents.
- Degree of product degradation would be expected to increase (ie. for alkaline and organic solvent solutions) with increased aggravation³ of product surface.

R Mendel
Authorised Signatory

Note: Samples will be disposed of 30 days after issue of this report unless otherwise notified.
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² Attack of the mild steel will tend to initiate at the edges where lower film thickness will allow faster permeation of the acidic solution.

³ Aggravation by scrubbing, turbulence and other mechanical action will tend to further expose unaffected product to the detrimental effects of the solution.